Notes - Dilations.notebook

| <u>Dilate:</u> | Dilations | Name: |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| | | |

Scale Factor:

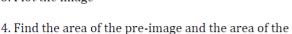
Example:

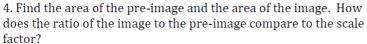
Dilate ΔRST with vertices R(-1, 2), S(-1, -1) and T(2, -1) by a scale factor of 3 with the origin as the center of dilation.

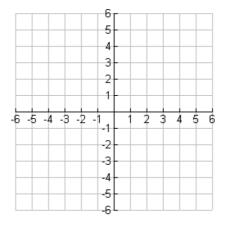
Steps:

- 1. Plot original triangle.
- 2. Multiply the pre-image points by the scale factor. What are the points of the image?





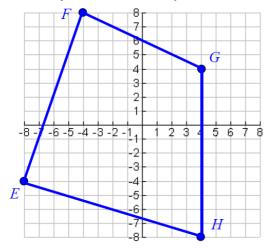




You Try!

Dilate each of the following by the given scale factor.

1. Dilate Quadrilateral EFGH by a scale factor of ¼.





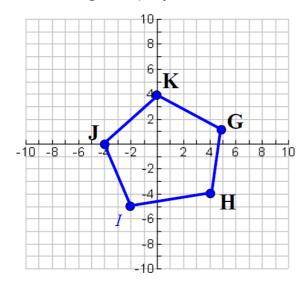


Notes - Dilations.notebook

Dilations

Name:

2. Dilate Pentagon GHIJK by a scale factor of 1.5



G _____ G' ____

H _____ H' ____

I I'

J _____ J'

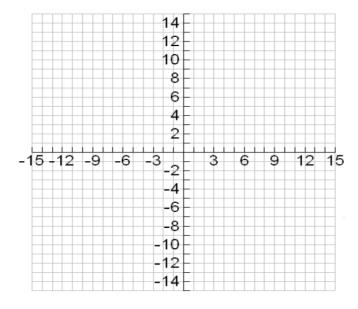
K _____ K' ____

3. Given \triangle ABC with A(-4, 5), B(3, 2), and C(-2, -3), dilate the triangle such that (x', y') = (3x, 3y). What does this notation mean?

What is the scale factor to make $\triangle ABC = \triangle A'B'C'$?

_

Draw the dilation below and give the coordinates of its vertices.



 \mathbf{A}'

B' ____

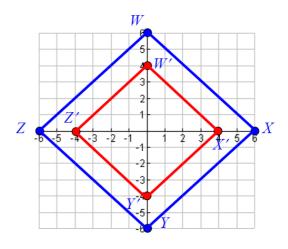
C' ____

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CCM8 Dilations Name:

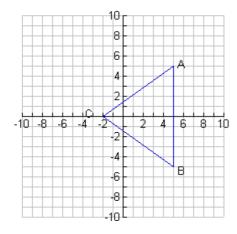
4. The image of WXYZ is figure W'X'Y'Z'.

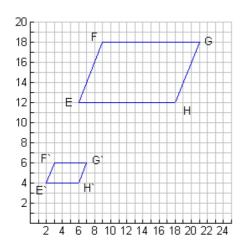
Determine the scale factor for this dilation and give the rule that could be used to create the dilation.



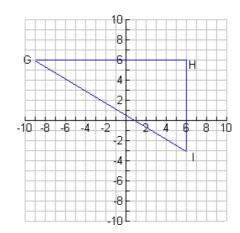
Dilate each figure by the given scale factor.

6. Scale factor of 1/2





7. Scale factor of 1/3



8.Determine the scale factor of the dilation to the left and give the rule that could be used to create the dilation.